## EVB72013

## 433MHz FSK/ASK Transmitter



## **Evaluation Board Description**

## **1. Features**

- Frequency range from 425 MHz to 445 MHz
- Fully integrated PLL-stabilized VCO
- Single-ended RF output
- FSK via crystal pulling
- Wideband FSK deviation possible
- ASK/OOK via power amplifier modulation
- Wide power supply range from 1.95 V to 5.5 V
- Very low standby current
- Low voltage detector
- High over-all frequency accuracy
- FSK deviation and center frequency independently adjustable
- Data rates from DC to 40 kbps
- Adjustable output power range from -14 dBm to +11 dBm
- Adjustable current consumption from 3.8 mA to 16.8 mA
- Conforms to EN 300 220 and similar standards
- 8-pin Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC)

## 4. Ordering information

### Part No. (see paragraph 5)

EVB72013-433-FSK-C

Note: EVB default population is FSK, ASK modification according to section 3.1.

## 5. General Description

The MLX72013 evaluation board is designed to demonstrate the performance of the transmitter IC for conductive measurements. The power amplifier is matched to 50 Ohms by means of a  $\pi$ -matching network to operate at a resonant frequency of 433 MHz.

## 2. Application Examples

- RF remote controls
- Automatic meter reading (AMR)
- Tire pressure monitoring systems (TPMS)
- Remote keyless entry (RKE)
- Alarm and security systems
- Garage door openers
- Home automation

## 3. Evaluation board example



#### EVB72013



433MHz FSK/ASK Transmitter Evaluation Board Description

## 6. Contents

1. Features	1
2. Application Examples	1
3. Evaluation board example	1
4. Ordering information	1
5. General Description	1
6. Contents	2
7. Theory of Operation	3
7.1. General	3
7.2. Block Diagram	3
8. Functional Description	4
8.1. Crystal Oscillator	4
8.2. FSK Modulation	4
8.3. Crystal Pulling	4
8.4. ASK Modulation	5
8.5. Output Power Selection	5
8.6. Lock Detection	5
8.7. Low Voltage Detection	5
8.8. Mode Control Logic	6
8.9. Timing Diagrams	6
9. 50Ω Connector Board Circuit Diagram	7
9.1. Board Component Values to Fig. 7	7
9.2. 50Ω Connector Board PCB Top View	8
9.3. Board Connection	8
9.4. Evaluation Board Layouts	9
9.5. Board Variants	9
10. Package Description	10
10.1. Soldering Information	
11. Standard information regarding manufacturability of Melexis products with diffe soldering processes	
12. ESD Precautions	
13. Your Notes	
14. Contact	
15. Disclaimer	

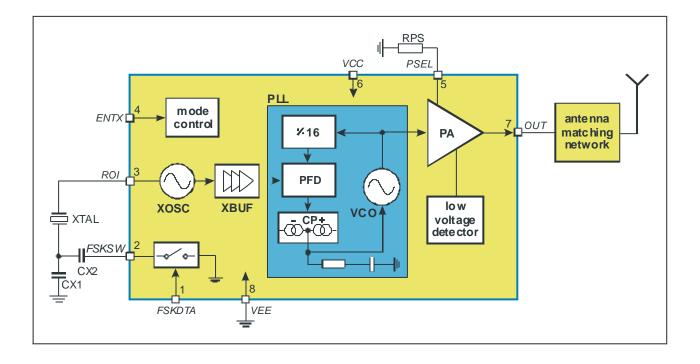


## 7. Theory of Operation

## 7.1. General

As depicted in Fig.1, the MLX72013 transmitter consists of a fully integrated voltage-controlled oscillator (VCO), a divide-by-16 divider (div16), a phase-frequency detector (PFD) and a charge pump (CP). An internal loop filter determines the dynamic behavior of the PLL and suppresses reference spurious signals. A Colpitts crystal oscillator (XOSC) is used as the reference oscillator of a phase-locked loop (PLL) synthesizer. The VCO's output signal feeds the power amplifier (PA). The RF signal power  $P_{out}$  can be adjusted in four steps from  $P_{out} = -14$  dBm to +11 dBm, either by changing the value of resistor RPS or by varying the voltage  $V_{PS}$  at pin PSEL. The open-collector output (OUT) can be used either to directly drive a loop antenna or to be matched to a 500hm load. Bandgap biasing ensures stable operation of the IC at a power supply range of 1.95 V to 5.5 V.

## 7.2. Block Diagram



#### *Fig. 1: Block diagram with external components*



## 8. Functional Description

## 8.1. Crystal Oscillator

A Colpitts crystal oscillator with integrated functional capacitors is used as the reference oscillator for the PLL synthesizer. The equivalent input capacitance CRO offered by the crystal oscillator input pin ROI is about 18pF. The crystal oscillator is provided with an amplitude control loop in order to have a very stable frequency over the specified supply voltage and temperature range in combination with a short start-up time.

## 8.2. FSK Modulation

FSK modulation can be achieved by pulling the crystal oscillator frequency. A CMOS-compatible data stream applied at the pin FSKDTA digitally modulates the XOSC via an integrated NMOS switch. Two external pulling capacitors CX1 and CX2 allow the FSK deviation  $\Delta f$  and the center frequency  $f_c$  to be adjusted independently. At FSKDTA = 0, CX2 is connected in parallel to CX1 leading to the low-frequency component of the FSK spectrum ( $f_{min}$ ); while at FSKDTA = 1, CX2 is deactivated and the XOSC is set to its high frequency  $f_{max}$ .

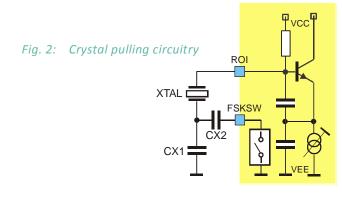
An external reference signal can be directly ACcoupled to the reference oscillator input pin ROI. Then the transmitter is used without a crystal. Now the reference signal sets the carrier frequency and may also contain the FSK (or FM) modulation.

## 8.3. Crystal Pulling

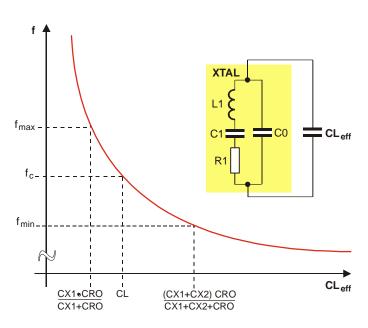
A crystal is tuned by the manufacturer to the required oscillation frequency  $f_{\rm 0}$  at a given load capacitance CL and within the specified calibration tolerance. The only way to pull the oscillation frequency is to vary the effective load capacitance  $CL_{\rm eff}$  seen by the crystal.

Figure 3 shows the oscillation frequency of a crystal as a function of the effective load capacitance. This capacitance changes in accordance with the logic level of FSKDTA around the specified load capacitance. The figure illustrates the relationship between the external pulling capacitors and the frequency deviation.

It can also be seen that the pulling sensitivity increases with the reduction of CL. Therefore, applications with a high frequency deviation require a low load capacitance. For narrow band FSK applications, a higher load capacitance could be chosen in order to reduce the frequency drift caused by the tolerances of the chip and the external pulling capacitors.



FSKDTA	Description
0	$f_{min}$ = $f_c$ - $\Delta f$ (FSK switch is closed)
1	$f_{max}$ = $f_c$ + $\Delta f$ (FSK switch is open)



*Fig. 3: Crystal pulling characteristic* 



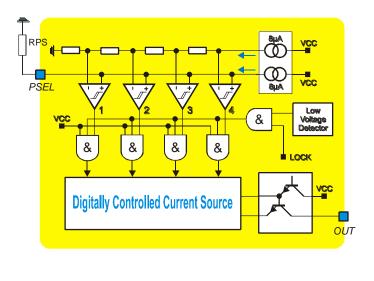
## 8.4. ASK Modulation

The MLX72013 can be ASK-modulated by applying data directly at pin PSEL. This turns the PA on and off and therefore leads to an ASK signal at the output.

## 8.5. Output Power Selection

The transmitter is provided with an output power selection feature. There are four predefined output power steps and one off-step accessible via the power selection pin PSEL. A digital power step adjustment was chosen because of its high accuracy and stability. The number of steps and the step sizes as well as the corresponding power levels are selected to cover a wide spectrum of different applications.

The implementation of the output power control logic is shown in figure 4. There are two matched current sources with an amount of about 8 µA. One current source is directly applied to the PSEL pin. The other current source is used for the generation of reference voltages with a resistor ladder. These reference voltages are defining the thresholds between the power steps. The four comparators deliver thermometer-coded control signals depending on the voltage level at the pin PSEL. In order to have a certain amount of ripple tolerance in a noisy environment the comparators are provided with a little hysteresis of about 20 mV. With these control signals, weighted current sources of the power amplifier are switched on or off to set the desired output power level (Digitally Controlled Current Source). The LOCK signal and the output of the low voltage detector are gating this current source.



## *Fig. 4: Block diagram of output power control circuitry*

There are two ways to select the desired output power step. First by applying a DC voltage at the pin PSEL, then this voltage directly selects the desired output power step. This kind of power selection can be used if the transmission power must be changed during operation. For a fixed-power application a resistor can be used which is connected from the PSEL pin to ground. The voltage drop across this resistor selects the desired output power level. For fixed-power applications at the highest power step this resistor can be omitted. The pin PSEL is in a high impedance state during the "TX standby" mode.

## 8.6. Lock Detection

The lock detection circuitry turns on the power amplifier only after PLL lock. This prevents from unwanted emission of the transmitter if the PLL is unlocked.

## 8.7. Low Voltage Detection

The supply voltage is sensed by a low voltage detect circuitry. The power amplifier is turned off if the supply voltage drops below a value of about 1.85 V. This is done in order to prevent unwanted emission of the transmitter if the supply voltage is too low.

#### EVB72013

433MHz FSK/ASK Transmitter Evaluation Board Description

## 8.8. Mode Control Logic

The mode control logic allows two different modes of operation as listed in the following table. The mode control pin ENTX is pulled-down internally. This guarantees that the whole circuit is shut down if this pin is left floating.

ENTX	Mode	Description
0	TX standby	TX disabled
1	TX active	TX enable

## 8.9. Timing Diagrams

After enabling the transmitter by the ENTX signal, the power amplifier remains inactive for the time  $t_{on}$ , the transmitter start-up time. The crystal oscillator starts oscillation and the PLL locks to the desired output frequency within the time duration  $t_{on}$ . After successful PLL lock, the LOCK signal turns on the power amplifier, and then the RF carrier can be FSK modulated.

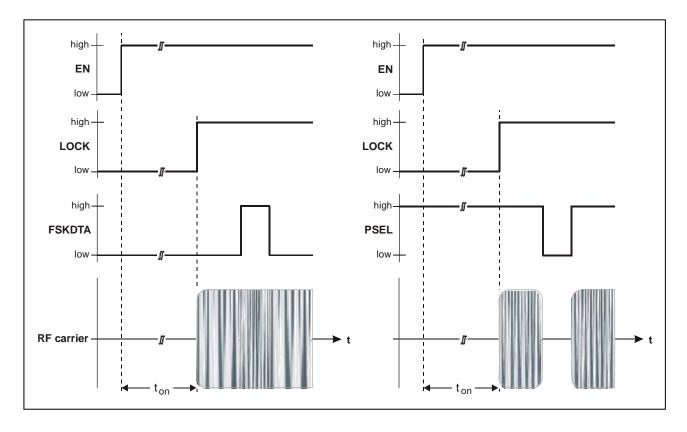


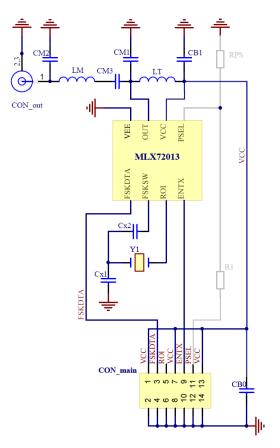
Fig. 5: Timing diagram for FSK modulation

#### For more detailed information, please refer to the latest MLX72013 data sheet revision.



433MHz FSK/ASK Transmitter Evaluation Board Description

## 9. 50Ω Connector Board Circuit Diagram





#### Value @ Part CM1 0805 8.2 pF ±2% impedance matching capacitor CM2 0805 15 pF ±2% impedance matching capacitor CM3 0805 82 pF ±2% impedance matching capacitor LΜ 0805 22 nH ±5% impedance matching inductor, note 2 LT 0805 27 nH ±5% output tank inductor, note 2 CX1 0805 10 pF XOSC capacitor ( $\Delta f = \pm 20 \text{ kHz}$ ), note 1 ±2% CX2 0805 12 pF XOSC capacitor ( $\Delta f = \pm 20 \text{ kHz}$ ), note 1 ±2% RPS 0805 NIP power-select resistor, see data sheet, sec 4.6 and 4.7 ±5% ASK mode: 0Ω jumper (ASK data can be applied at input 0805 R1 NIP ±5% PSEL), see data sheet, sec 4.7 CB0 0805 220 nF ±20% de-coupling capacitor CB1 0805 de-coupling capacitor 330 pF ±10% SMD ±30ppm calibr. fundamental wave crystal (C3M2712000E10FSDHK01), Y1 27.12000 MHz 6x3.5 $\pm 20$ ppm temp. $C_{\text{L}}$ = 10 pF, $C_0$ = 3 pF, $R_1$ = 50 $\Omega$

## 9.1. Board Component Values to Fig. 7

**Note 1:** depends on crystal parameters, other  $\Delta f$  values can be selected with other CX1, CX2 values **Note 2:** for high-power applications high-Q wire-wound inductors should be used

NIP – not in place, may be populated optionally



433MHz FSK/ASK Transmitter Evaluation Board Description

## 9.2. 50 $\Omega$ Connector Board PCB Top View

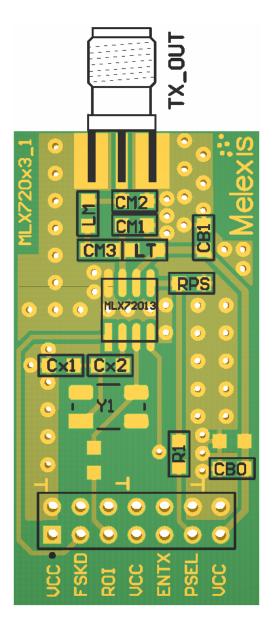


Fig. 7: PCB population

## 9.3. Board Connection

V	/CC	Power supply (1.9 V to 5.5 V)	ROI	External reference frequency input
FS	SKD	Input for FSK data (CMOS, see para. 2.2)	ENTX	Mode control pin
P	SEL	Input for ASK data (R1 = $0\Omega$ must be in place)	Т	Several ground pins





## 9.4. Evaluation Board Layouts

Board layout data in Gerber format are available, board size is 22mm x 43mm x 1mm FR4.

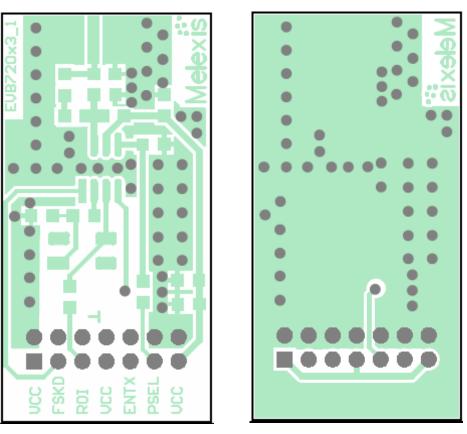


Fig.8: PCB top view

Fig 9: PCB bottom view

## 9.5. Board Variants

Туре	Freque	ency/MHz		Modulation	Board Execution		
EVB72013	-315		–FSK		-A	antenna version	
	-433		–ASK	according to section 3.1	-С	connector version	
	-868		-FM				
	-915						

Note: available EVB setups

**EVB72013** 433MHz FSK/ASK Transmitter Evaluation Board Description



## **10. Package Description**

The device MLX72013 is RoHS compliant.

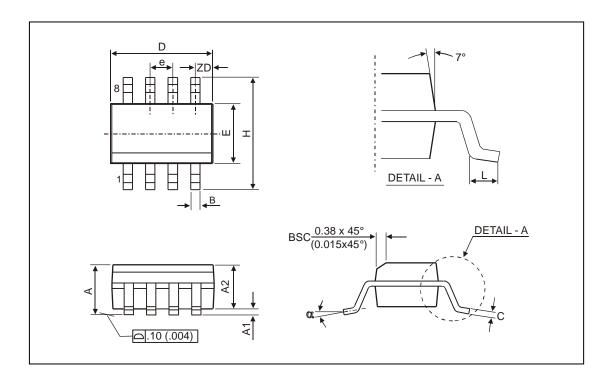


Fig. 10: SOIC8

	all Dimension in mm, coplanarity < 0.1mm											
	D	E	н	А	A1	A2	е	В	ZD	С	L	α
min	4.80	3.81	5.80	1.52	0.10	1.37	1.27	0.36	0.53	0.19	0.41	0°
max	4.98	3.99	6.20	1.72	0.25	1.57	1.27	0.46	0.55	0.25	1.27	8°
all Dime	ension in i	nch, copla	inarity < 0.0	004"								
min	0.18 9	0.15 0	0.228 4	0.06 0	0.004 0	0.05 4	0.05	0.01 4	0.02	0.07 5	0.01 6	0°
max	0.19 6	0.15 7	0.244 0	0.06 8	0.009 8	0.06 2	0	0.01 8	1	0.09 8	0.05 0	8°

## 10.1. Soldering Information

 The device MLX72013 is qualified for MSL1 with soldering peak temperature 260 deg C according to JEDEC J-STD-20.



# **11. Standard information regarding manufacturability of Melexis products with different soldering processes**

Our products are classified and qualified regarding soldering technology, solderability and moisture sensitivity level according to following test methods:

#### Reflow Soldering SMD's (Surface Mount Devices)

- IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020
  - Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices (classification reflow profiles according to table 5-2)
  - EIA/JEDEC JESD22-A113 Preconditioning of Nonhermetic Surface Mount Devices Prior to Reliability Testing (reflow profiles according to table 2)

#### Wave Soldering SMD's (Surface Mount Devices) and THD's (Through Hole Devices)

- EN60749-20
- Resistance of plastic- encapsulated SMD's to combined effect of moisture and soldering heat
- EIA/JEDEC JESD22-B106 and EN60749-15 Resistance to soldering temperature for through-hole mounted devices
- Iron Soldering THD's (Through Hole Devices)
- EN60749-15 Resistance to soldering temperature for through-hole mounted devices

#### Solderability SMD's (Surface Mount Devices) and THD's (Through Hole Devices)

• EIA/JEDEC JESD22-B102 and EN60749-21 Solderability

For all soldering technologies deviating from above mentioned standard conditions (regarding peak temperature, temperature gradient, temperature profile etc) additional classification and qualification tests have to be agreed upon with Melexis.

The application of Wave Soldering for SMD's is allowed only after consulting Melexis regarding assurance of adhesive strength between device and board.

Melexis recommends reviewing on our web site the General Guidelines <u>soldering recommendation</u> (<u>http://www.melexis.com/Quality\_soldering.aspx</u>) as well as <u>trim&form recommendations</u> (<u>http://www.melexis.com/Assets/Trim-and-form-recommendations-5565.aspx</u>).</u>

Melexis is contributing to global environmental conservation by promoting **lead free** solutions. For more information on qualifications of **RoHS** compliant products (RoHS = European directive on the Restriction Of the use of certain Hazardous Substances) please visit the quality page on our website: <u>http://www.melexis.com/quality.aspx</u>

## **12. ESD Precautions**

Electronic semiconductor products are sensitive to Electro Static Discharge (ESD). Always observe Electro Static Discharge control procedures whenever handling semiconductor products. **EVB72013** 433MHz FSK/ASK Transmitter Evaluation Board Description



## **13. Your Notes**



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